the first time in the history tate of Nebraska the suprem of the state and the state ut

nufacturers of structural iron hat within a short time all the costly private houses, at least a cities, will abandon wood, exore the most trivial use, and will use of structural iron for the work and the beams that suphe flooring.

A government roof garden, 17x150 feet, will be made on top of the immigration building on Ellis island, N. Y. The army of immigrants detained on the island in summer will enjoy the salt air and a panoramic view of the city and are. A large playeround the city and sea. A large playground igrant children will also be

Biggest Demand for Girls.
The State Charities Aid association of New York reports that the demand for girl babies for purposes of adoption is greater than the supply, while boys are a drug on the market. Much of the demand for girls is for those over ten years of age, but the report does not raise the question as to whether the "adoptions" are not freently of servants rather than

A State Income Tax. South Carolina has a new incom tax law applying to all incomes of 2,500 or more. The returns from lection of this tax are now all in, and show that the people of South Carolina are in an astonishing state of poverty. Some 17 counties report no tions at all. Many other counties make return of from \$16 to \$90 In only two counties do the collec-

Would Open Up More Land. The senate committee on public and decided to report favorably the bill providing for free homesteads on public lands for actual and bona fide sttlers. This bill, if it becomes a law, will open up all the reservations of the United States, except military reservations, to settlement and entry by persons desiring to make homes upon them and cultivate the land.

ew "religion" has been invented mart, Ga., by a Mrs. Roberts, one of the tenets of which consists in erts is high priestess and she now has 18 followers. She was formerly a mber of the Baptist -church for years. Converts to the new faith are made "by force and fear," and the community is being terrorized. One of the beliefs of the faithful is that all who ride bicycles will be damned.

Woman Back Cashier. Mrs. Sarah F. Dick, said to be the only woman who is a casultanial bank in the United States, was man who is a cashier of a nafor the eighteenth time elected to that position at Huntington. Ind. Mrs. Dick is a rapid and acline with the financial standing people who do business with attitution. She is very popuhe institution. She is very popu-lar and holds a good share of the bank's patronage through her engag-ing personality.

ek in Little Rock, which met last week in Little Rock, after giving much thought to the subject of lynchings, adopted a report recommending that "statutes be enacted providing that in every instance where a person in legal custody is injured or put to death by a mob, the sheriff, who is the principal peace officer of the county, shall forthwish forfeit his office, and shall be ineligible to recommend on melastics. of the same term."

youd Petgieter's Drift.

THE BOER TRENCHES THEN SHELLED

-The Diparch from Spear-can's Farm. London, Jan. 18 .- Gen. Buller com-

eletely surprised the Boers and oc-upled the hills beyond Petgieter's by shelling the Boer trenches. This news completely disposes of the state-ment that Sir Charles Warren's force went in the direction of Weenen, and it tends greatly to restore confidence in Gen. Buller's tactics. The supposition that he had divided his forces into three columns had given cause for anxiety. It is now seen that such a view was erroneous as Gen. Buller's forces are concentrated.

In Cape Colony Gen. Methuen has made a demonstration in force, shelling the Boer works. Gen. Gatacre is skirmishing around Molteno and Gen. French has been throwing a few shells at the Boers at Rensberg. Col. Plumer is moving to the relief of Mafeking from Bechuanaland. He is now in command of less than 2,000 men. Mafeking is in a bad way; the siege is being pressed with determination, and the Kaffirs are deserting because of pinched rations and the necessity of eating horse meat.

The Standard's vivid account of the assault upon Ladysmith shows that the garrison was surprised and that several times the situation was critical. Out of a detachment of 30 Gordon Highlanders who surrendered, every man was wounded, says the correspondent. Curiously enough, this is the first mention of the capture of Highlanders. The Boer repulse at Ladysmith was the heaviest counter stroke of the war.

J. J. Van Allen's offer to give field hospital section, to consist of three wagons, 25 cots and 20 transport animals, with all the appliances has been accepted by the war office The section will be called the American section of the hospital to which it is attached. British Forded Petgieter's Drift.

London, Jan. 18 .- The other morn ing papers are out with extra editions confirming the dispatch from Spearman's farm to the Times. The Daily Telegraph's correspondent, under date of yesterday, says: "I am permitted to wire from Spearman's farm that Gen. Littleton yesterday afternoon ferried and forded Petgieter's drift and seized with little opposition a line of low ridges a mile from there. The allotment to each person will be During the night a Howitzer battery was carried across. To-day from Mount Alice, near Swartzkop, naval guns and Howitzers effectively shelled the Boer position which is strong. Gen. Warren also to-day crossed the Wagon drift, with all arms, in the face of a hot and heavy fire from Boer cannon and rifles. He has effected a most satisfactory lodgment two miles further on toward Sproenkop.'

The floers Taken by Surprise. London, Jan. 18 .- The Times publishes the following dispatch from Spearman's farm, dated January 17, 9:20 p. m .: "The force marched westward on January 10. Lord Dundonald, by a dashing movement, occupied the hills above Petgleter's drift, 15 miles west of Colenso, taking the Boers completely by surprise. The same evening the infantry followed. Gen. Littleton's brigade crossed the river yesterday, and to-day shelled the Boer trenches beyond with Howitzers. Gen. Warren's force is now cross ing Trichardte drift, five miles above. He is not opposed, although the Boers are holding a position five miles from the river."

Tirum Addresses Kentucky Legislature. Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 18 .- William Jennings Bryan addressed the mem-bers of the legislature yesterday just before the election of Senator Blackburn. The chamber of the house was never more crowded than when Representative Nelson introduced Mr Bryan. The latter was accompanied by J. C. S. Blackburn and Senator Goebel. Mr. Bryan proposed two laws that he hoped would be enacted in Kentucky. One was to make it a felony for a corporation to contribute to campaign funds and the other to prehibit betting on elections.

Ardmore, I. T., Jan. 18 .- A report from Paul's Valley yesterday stated that a clash between the merchants who have refused to pay the one per cent, tribal tax and the Indian police when they attempt to collect the tax to-day cannot be avoided. The merchance say they won't pay this tax and the police will attempt to put them out of the territory.

The Denamico Explosion in Ita'y. Turin, Jan. 18.—It is now announ that 13 persons altogether were killed and 40 others were wounded by the 1 to others were wounded by the design yesterday of dynamite at gilano, 14 miles from here. The ant of Form unit the duke of Aosta te visited the lajured in the hos-

The offer Crow" Car Bill Passed. d, Va., Jan. 18.—The house ice yesterday passed the w car bill, a measure rete care for whites and

Washington, Jan. 17.—The state-ment of John Barrett, ex-minister to Siam, that it was the anti-expansion speech of Senator Hoar cabled by way of Hong Kong to Aguinaldo in Luon that precipitated the Filipino insurrection, has led to an inquiry as to who paid the \$4,000, the amount it cost to cable Senator Hoar's message of sympathy and comfort to the rebellious Tagalos. This has brought out the report that Andrew Carnegie paid the bill. It is said that Mr. Carnegie's connection with the sending drift, 15 miles west of Colenso, on Wednesday, January 10. This intelligence is contained in an exclusive dispatch to the Times, dated yesterday. He followed up the movement was made by a member of congress who is known to have special facilities. was made by a member of congress who is known to have special facilities for gaining such information.

Statement by Audrew Carnegie. New York, Jan. 17.-In a dispatch from Washington to a Philadelphia paper it was stated on the authority of a congressman that Andrew Carnegie had given \$4,000 to pay the cable tolls on Senator Hoar's speech last winter to the rebels in the Philippines. Mr. Carnegie gave out the following statement last night: "I did not pay the cable tolls for Senator Hoar's message to the Filipinos. They do not need messages of sympathy or comfort. I would, however, subscribe that amount to a fund for the circulation of the speech among Americans who do need it and could follow the advice it contains wisely."

FOR THE PACIFIC CABLE.

Secretary Long and Admiral Bradford Appear Before Senate Committee and Advocate Its Construction

Washington, Jan. 17.—Secretary Long and Rear Admiral Bradford appeared before the senate committee on naval affairs in advocacy of the construction of a Pacific cable by the government. Rear Admiral Bradford detailed the operations of the collier Nero, which is now engaged in making a preliminary survey of the proposed line west of Honolulu. Accordng to the reports made of the preliminary work the proposed cable was entirely practicable. It is to run from San Francisco to Honolulu, then via the Midway islands and Guam to Dingapla bay, island of Luzon, with a spur for commercial purposes to Yokohama. The average depth between Honolulu and Midway is 2,700 fathoms, between Midway and Guam 3,000 and between Guam and Luzon 2,800. He estimated the cost at \$1,050 per knot, which, with the amount necessary for steamers, officers, etc., would bring the cost up to \$10,000,000. He placed the entire length of the cable at 8,294 knots, which allows 20 per cent. for slack and detours.

In connection with his statement Admiral Bradford said that he understood the average expenses of the war department for messages to Manila to be about \$1,000 per day and that the total of the expeditures of the navy department had amounted to \$26,000,

Business Portion of Dawson Burned. Seattle, Wash., Jan. 17 .- The steamway brings news that a large part of the business portion of Dawson was wiped out by fire on the night of Wednesday last. A dispatch was received at Skagway on the same night. The loss will exceed \$500,000. There are no names of the buildings or losses. The Skagway operator says that great suffering would undoubtedly follow the fire, as the temperature at Dawson was 40 degrees below zero, with the wind blowing. The city is entirely without the regulation water supply.

Imports and Exports. Washington, Jan. 17.-The monthly statement of the United States for December shows as follows: Imports, \$71,547,273, of which \$31,198,614 was free of duty. Total increase as compared with December, 1898, \$16,400,000. Exports, \$123,285,163; decrease, \$14,-600,000. For the 12 months of the calendar year the imports and exports were as follows: Imports \$799,834,620, of which \$351,814,094 was free of duty. Exports, \$1,275,186,611.

Would Not Accept Pay in Time of Danger New York, Jan. 17.-William A. English, a son of the former demoeratic vice presidential candidate from Indiana and a captain of volunteers in the war with Spain, has returned to the tressury a check for \$1,172 sent him for his services with the statement that he would not accept pay for services to his country in the time of danger. It is the only case of the kind in the Spanish war.

Washington, Jan. 17.-The senate committee on interoceanic canals has agreed unanimously to report a bill for the construction of the Nicaruguan canal. The bill is the same as that reported favorably in the house by the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, with a few verbal amendments.

Helen Gould Contributes 850,000. New York, Jan. 17.-Miss Helen Gould has contributed \$50,000 to aid in the building of the new home for the naval branch of the Young Men's Christian association in Brooklyn, a work that is being undertaken by the international committee of that association.

tettlement of a Protteg Dispute. Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 17 .- A settlement of the dispute between the Buf-falo Express and the Buffalo Typographical union, which has lasted over two years, has been arrived at.

Benken in Twain While Baring. Galifpolis, O., Jan. 17.—The fire

Etc., at Chickamauga.

THE CLARK BRIBERY INVESTIGATION HOLLESS TOR moan Treaty Brought Up Again is the Executive Session of the Seast The "Open Door" in China-Court-

Martial Subpose

Washington, Jan. 18 .- The Chickanauga and Chattanooga military park commission, with the approval of the ecretary of war, has requested the attendance at Chattanooga on the 9th, 10th and 11th of October next of all veterans interested in the historical ecuracy of the work thus far completed at the park, for a close inspection of the texts upon the 2,000 tablets, over 200 battery positions and over 200 battle positions of brigade lines upon the seven fields included in the park project. This invitation will be extended all Grand Army and confederate posts, to the 26 state commissions engaged with the national commission and to the army societies of the six armies—three for each side the work of the commission. A general reunion of the veterans of the Army of the Cumberland and of the society of that army will be held at Chattanooga upon the same dates.

The Clark Bribery Investigation. Washington, Jan. 18 .- William J. Cook and William F. Rector were before the senate committee on privileges and elections in the Clark investigation yesterday. Mr. Cook is an official connected with the Thomas Cruse Savings bank of Helena and his testimony related solely to the deposit of money in the bank by persons who were regarded as representatives of Mr. Clark in his contest for the senate. Mr. Rector proved to be a somewhat irrepressible witness, volunteering more information than was asked for. He thus brought the Lewis and Clark county grand jury investigation into the committee inquiry, contrary to the intentions of the committee, which were not to take it up at all. The intrusion of the matter caused the defense to raise the point as to whether the charges in connection with the grand jury should be entered upon and the committee adjourned until Friday next without deciding it. To take up that phase of the question would materially extend the inquiry.

The Samoan Treaty. Washington, Jan. 18 .- In yesterday's executive session of the senate. Senator Jones, of Arkansas, moved to reconsider the vote by which the Samoan treaty was ratified Tuesday. He pased his motion upon a statement which he said he had seen in the press to the effect that the American flag had already been run up on the island of Tutuila. If this report was true, he thought the senate should know of the fact and have an opportunity to deal with it in connection with the treaty. Senator Frye replied that the report to which Senator Jones referred was without foundation. No action was taken on the motion, but it was decided to recall the treaty which had been forwarded to the president with notice of the senate's

favorable action on it. The "Open Door in China Washington, Jan. 18 .- It is said without reservation at the state department that no notes have been received from any European powers making demands upon this government respecting the "open door" in China. So far as can be learned such communications as have come from the continental powers have been entirely favorable to the proposition made by the United States respecting China, and all that remains to make the "open door" negotiation a complete success is the return of two or three definitive notes reducing the arrangement to an absolute and final form.

Court-Martial Subpo Washington, Jan. 18 .- The secretary of war sent to the senate the draft of a bill prepared by the judge advocate general of the army, making it a misdemeanor to refuse to obey a subocena from a court-martial. The bill s intended to prevent the failure of military justice by securing what is believed to be a defect in the present law.

A Windfall for a Window Washer.

Chicago, Jan. 18 .- Patrick O'Donnell, a window washer and houseman at the Hotel Grace, Jackson boulevard and Clark streets, received assurance from Philadelphia that his claim of being one of the principal heirs of the \$6,000,000 Ball estate of that city had been recognized and that within a few days his share of the estate, estimated at \$2,500,000 will be turned over to him under an order of the probate court. The estate has been under court management for eight

A Ftory Not Credited San Diego, Cal., Jan. 18.-There is nothing known here or at Ensenada corroborating the report of the blowing up of the gasoline schooner Anita at Magdalena bay and killing her erew of six. The local agent of the Anita does not credit the story,

Supplies Sent to Manife Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 18 .- The transport Sheridan sailed for Manila yesterday with an immense cargo of hay, meats and army supplies. She also carried heavy mails for the soldiers and materials for building an addi-tional ice plant at Manila.

CHURCH AND RELIGION.

The bells of Grace church ay, New York, are rough trant organist of the c

The senate was not in session on the 13th...Mr. Bulser (N. Y.) introduced in the house a resolution for the appointment of a special committee of mine members to investigate the relations of the secretary of the treasury with certain New York national banks. He wanted it considered at opce, but Mr. Dalsell (Pa.) objected. Mr. Bichardson (Tenn.) called attention to what he claimed was an infraction of the house rules by printing a partisan argument on the shipping bill. After some discussion it was decided that the bill should be reprinted without the argument. Mr. cussion it was decided that the bill should be reprinted without the argument. Mr. Lloyd (Mo.) introduced a bill to change the oath of a cadet of the military academy, making him swear that he will not practice hazing. Mr. Lacey (Mo.) brought forward a bill to set aside a preserve for the American bison. Several other minor bills were also introduced and the house then adjourned to the 15th.

A spirited debate occupied the attention of the senate for nearly three hours on the 15th. Senator Pettigrew (S. D.) in his address was very bitter in his attacks on the administration. At the conclu-sion of the debate Senator Rawlins (Utah) made an elaborate argument in opposition to the proposed financial leg-islation. Senator Butler (N. C.) gave no-tice of a substitute that he will offer for the financial bill. Senator Penrose (Pa.) reported the Lodge bill restricting immi-gration. Senator Mason (III.) reported a bill to create a bureau of chemistry represented in those engaged in the battles about Chattanooga. The commission has reason to believe that a sufficient number will attend from the survivors of each brigade to discover whatever errors may have crept into for the inspection under the direction of the secretary of agriculture of trees, fruits, plants, etc., imported into the United States.

The senate on the 16th continued to discuss the Philippine question. The resolution of inquiry of Senator Pettigrew (S. D.) and the substitute of Senator Lodge (Mass.) were laid on the table and the resolution of inquiry at to the facts of the Philippine war of Senator Hoar (Mass.) was taken up. Senator McLautin (S. C.) then made an address on the rin (S. C.) then made an address on the financial question, favoring conferring authority on stats banks to issue circulating notes. Senator Rawlins (Utah) presented a memorial from President Snow, of the Mormon church, stating that the church had positively abandoned the practice of polygamy. The Samoan treaty was rat-lified without division....The urgent deficiency appropriation bill was debated in the house, the item of \$150,000 for rural free delivery causing considerable discus At the conclusion of routine business

At the conclusion of routine business in the senate on the 17th the resolutions calling for information regarding the Philippine insurrection were debated and the one offered by Senator Hoar (Mass.) was adopted. The resolution offered by Senator Hale (Me.) as to the seizure of flour by the British authorities was adopted after a spirited debate. The res-olution of Senator Pettigrew (S. D.) caliing for information from the secretary of war as to the fiscal operations in Cuba was also passed. Senator Teller (Col.) then made an address on the financial bill, it having been decided to take the final vote on the measure on February 15

... The house had another inning over the sale of the New York custom house by Secretary Gage, Mr. Sulzer (N. Y.) charging that his resolution to investi gate the transaction was to be sup-pressed. This precipitated a debate lastng for three hours. The urgent deficiency bill was afterwards passed

A spider carefully wove his web in the corner of a room and waited for his victim. By and by, seeing a fly meandering along that way he invited him to chat awhile, casually offering to set 'em up as an extra inducement. "May I ask," said the tly left eye-brow with his left foot, why are you so blamed anxious to strike up an acquaintance with an entire stranger? So for as I know you never saw me in your life betore." "True." replied the spider, as I saw you I was struck by your apwere the individual I had been looking for to go into a great business venture. I can see in a minute that you have a head for business." But the fly simply said: "My fuzzyheaded friend, I might be caught with this glucose you are giving me if it wasn't for the fact that I see the romains of a friend of mine from Missouri hanging up there in the corner of your establishment. He had to be shown, I don't." And with a light "ta ta, I will see you later," the Kansas fly wended his way towards the bald head of a fat man who was slumbering on a neighboring couch.

-Topeka Mail and Breeze.

Martin's Way. Irishmen are inclined to wordperversion, but, the following description of slow speech which often degenerated into a stammer shows that occasionally they used the best words possible in explaining a thing. "It's a square sort o' way Martin talks," said Pat "It's as if he tuk the words out av his mout' an' luked at 'em before he gives 'em to yez."-Ninetcenth Century.

Becoming Densely Inhabited Hiram-If I had any desire to explore around in the polar regions, I besouth pole.

Siras-Why not try the north pole? "Oh! there's been so doggoned nany others gone in that direction lately that a fellow wouldn't git very far without bein' overhauled by some relief expedition or other."-

was sent to the front by his paper, and on one occasion Von Moltke sent for him and said: "Mr. -, on such n day the German army will perform such and such a movement. If that appears in the - [naming the paper,] you will be shot." Of course the news did not appear!-London Spectator.

see what size tracks his rubbers make thing that ought to be done in the in the mud.

A recent number of a London paper tains this advertisement: "Wanted, ian of light weight who fears the d and can drive a pair of steady see. He must, Lord willing, arise area weight in the marning, obey

WHAT CONGRESS IS DOME. SHOCKING TRACETY

Kentucky, Kills Three Men. Fourth Will Probably Die and a Fifth Was Injured-Shooting Occurred in a Crowded Hotel at Frankfort-

Result of Fond.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 17.—A shocking tragedy in which the lives of three prominent men were sacrificed and that of a fourth hangs by a siento survive the night. Col. Colson himself was shot twice in the arm. Harry McEwing, of Louisville, sustained a broken leg by the lifeless form of Scott falling against him as it rolled down the stairway. The tragedy is one of the most sensational in the history of "the dark and bloody ground" and was the result of feud between Colson and Scott.

The killing occurred in the lobby of the Capitol hotel, the principal hostelery of the state capital, the room being well filled at the time with politicians and others who are here attending the contests for state offices before the legislature.

tragedy yesterday. When it is remembered that so far as known only three revolvers played a part in the duel it can be seen that aim was for the most part accurate. Colson's shots were true, but this detracts nothing from the noted skill of Scott, occause he emptied his revolver after everal bullets had lodged in him.

Following is the record of the marksmen: Scott, bullet in temple, one in throat, two in lungs, two in back. Demarree, two in heart. Julian, bullet in calf right leg. Capt. Golden, two bullets in spine. Colson, bullet splintered left wrist to elbow, bullets tore his cuffs and sleeves to shreds. Nobody not in line of fire was touched.

The death of Julian is most remark able. He walked to his room unaided. His cousin, Judge Ira Julian, examined the wound and congratulated him on his escape. Doctors were busy with the dying and Julian waited. He was bleeding to death, however, and when the doctors turned attention to him he was past recovery.

BRINGING HOME THE DEAD. rts Leave Santiago and Manile

with the Bodies of Soldiers Who Lost Their Lives in Those Places. Washington, Jan. 17 .- Quartermaster General Ludington is informed that the transport McClellan has left diers, who died last spring from yellow fever, and 375 metallic caskets bound for New York. All of the unclaimed dead will be brought to Washington and interred in the national as he fastened another strand, "bus cemetery at Arlington. The empty caskets are destined for Manila, where pearance and determined that you they will be used for bringing home the bodies of soldiers who lost their lives in the Philippines. The transport City of Pekin has already left Manila for San Francisco with the bodies of 156 soldiers and others who died in the Philippines.

THE KENTUCKY CONTEST.

Judge Fox Mays Several Thousand Vote Were Frightened Away from the Polls by the Militia. Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 17 .- The con-

test boards reconvened yesterday and the examination of witnesses was resumed. Judge Fontaine Fox was the first witness called. Mr. Kohn asked him regarding incendiary publications in anti-Goebel newspapers prior to the election. Col. Breckinridge objected on the ground that the newspapers themselves would be the only competent evidence on this point. The objection was sustained. On the point as to the military at polis, Judge Fox declared that several thousand voters remained away on that account. Judge Fox supported Goesturi temi

Father of Nebraska Populism Dead. Omaha, Neb., Jan. 17 .- Jay B. Burrows, one of the principal organizers of the Farmers' alliance and the populist party in Nebraska, died suddenly lieve I'd try making a trip to the at his home in Lincoln yesterday from lumbago. He was 67 years of age, a native of New York and had lived in Nebraska since 1880. He was known throughout the west as "the father of populism in Nebraska." He bitterly opposed fusion and openly denounced "the popocratic machine" that secured control of Nebraska.

Ven Ma'tke's Method.

During the France-Prussian war a well-known English correspondent was sent to the front by his paper, addressed the Bankers' club of this city last night and in the course of his address he defended Secretary Gage from the attacks that are being made upon him at present. He said that under the present system of the preasury charges of favoritism toward "pet banks" had been brought against every secretary of the treas ary he knew of. Mr. Eckels declared that Secretary Gage had done every

Los Angeles, Call Jan 17, Jin a sislent penterday ounties Jumes he shat the shooting of pigeons is a shat the shooting of pigeons is a

GAVE BIM A TONIC.

umbrella hanging on a how y of the hotel. It was a tempo probably very kleptomaniae apposed the owner was seated Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 17.—A shocking tragedy in which the lives of three prominent men were sacrified and that of a fourth hangs by a slender thread, while two others miraculously escaped with painful injuries, occurred here at one o'clock yesterday. The principals in the tragedy were ex-Congressman David G. Colson, of Middlesboro, and Lieut. Ethelbert Scott, of Somerset. Scott was shot six times by Colson and almost instantly killed. Luther W. Demarree, assistant postmaster at Shelbyville, an innocent bystander, was shot three times and died instantly. Charles Julian, another bystander, was shot and died half an hour later, and Capt. B. B. Golden, of Barboursville, commonwealth attorney of the Twenty-seventh judicial district, was shot in the back and was not expected to survive the night. Col. Colson himself was shot twice in the arm.

STRUGGLING YOUNG AUTHOR.

No Big Demand for His Wares But He Is Providing Against a Rush.

"I have just finished," said the struggling young author, "another storage warehouse for returned manuscripts, this being of the same dimensions as the other, 20x60 and four stories high, and, also like the other, fireproof. I find it cheaper to build that way and insure myself. It costs a little more, of course, to make the structure fireproof, but the interest on this additional cost is less than the insurance would be, inns and others who are here attending the contests for state offices bestore the legislature.

Fifteen shots went home in the "You might infer from this that there "You might infer from this that there

"You might infer from this that there has been as yet no widespread general demand for the productions of my pen; and, if you should, your inference would be quite correct; indeed, such unanimity of sentiment as appears seems to take the form of rigidly observed neutrality, with the result that my second warehouse has already begun to fill rapidly.

"But I have still no fear of the outcome; else, I should throw away these manuscripts instead of storing them; but as it is I think I am simply putting down a gold mine. Then why doesn't somebody see at least a color in these manuscripts now? Well, I don't know; you can't always tell about those things, but some day the gold is discovered; I've built both my warehouses on corners; so that when that discovery is made, and the publishers swarm around the buildings asking for manuscripts, I can deliver not only from doors but from windows, too."

BAD MAN TO INTERRUPT.

He Demonstrated to a Certainty That He Knew What He Was Talk-. ing About.

began the old deacon, "Dat warn't Moses," interrupted a brother in the amen corner, "dat wuz Joshua!"
"Ez I said," continued the deacon, "w'en Joshua tell de sun—"

"You didn't say dat at all!" said the brother who had corrected him. "Hit wus me dat said it! Hit wus me dat tuck you up to it!"

The descen's nationed was a said to the said the said

The deacon's patience was exhausted. He folded his brass-rimmed spectacles, laid them carefully on the table before him, walked over to the amen corner, took the objecting brother by both arms from behind, and, with the swish of a cyclone, swepthim forward toward the door, landing him executivities in outer darkness. precipitately in outer darkness.

"Ez I wuz saying', fo' dis little incident occurred," he continued, "w'en Moses tol' Joshua ter tell de sun ter stan' still—"

Some of the older, learned brethren moved uneasily in their seats. They looked like they wanted to correct him, but they did not. They let it go at that!—Atlanta Con-

Cow in a Golf Match. Ed Tufts, of Los Angeles, was playing golf with a friend recently. When he drove from the third teeing ground, he sliced the ball badly and sent it away to one side. It stopped in front of a grazing cow, and Tufts came up just in time to see it disappear into the bovine mouth. When his opponent had made his stroke, Tufts untethered the cow, and, with many sounding thwacks of his club, drove the beast to the third hole. made his stroke, Tufts untethered the cow, and, with many sounding thwacks of his club, drove the beast to the third hole. There he made her disgorge the ball, and, neatly holing it, announced that he had made the hole in two strokes. His opponent calmly finished the hole in seven, and claimed the hole. "But I made it in two," protested Tufts, gleefully. "No, you didn't," declared the other: "you made it in 39. You hit that cow 37 times, for I counted every stroke," and Tufts conceded the hole.—San Francisco Argonaut.

> Proof of the Pudding Is in the Eating.

It is not what we say, but what His not what we say, but what thood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. Thousands of people give the proof by telling of remarkable cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and all other

blood diseases and debility. Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoin



... CURE CONSTIPATIO 10-TO-BAC Sold and Culture

